

STEP ONE – BUSINESS ANALYSIS

The **Sourcing Maturity Framework (SMF)** provides a powerful visual tool* for mapping the complete spectrum of Higher Education Institutions (HEIs) operational functions and services. This will allow senior leaders to establish historical performance, distinguish core and non-core activities, and interrelationships between activities**. This is valuable for the next stage of identifying opportunities for improvement.

The horizontal categories in the SMF extend from the executive function right through to producing academic outcomes. Along this axis (from left to right) are the (I) leadership & planning (corporate), (II) professional services (back office), (III) operational services (front line), (IV) knowledge creation (research), (V) knowledge sharing (teaching), and (VI) knowledge utilisation (application/commercialisation). The vertical axis provides four major input categories for assets and resources.

In large institutions, senior leaders should include heads of functions and departments in an 'mapping exercise' (large printed SMF with post it notes) to create a representative snapshot of the organisations major sourcing 'activities'. This can include discussion around the following information:

- The history of the activity (always in-house, recent investment, new technology, insourced, outsourced, performance)
- The types business model adopted for each activity, lessons learnt from successful models and need for change
- Potential market testing of current activities
- Potential of strategic initiatives with external partners to enhance knowledge creation, sharing and utilisation

This tool can be used in combination with the Sourcing Activity Matrix (SAM) in Step Two, to assess the strategic importance of each activity to the HEI.

*Modified from Ministry of Defence (2005) Defence Industrial Strategy White Paper, illustrating the evolution of industry involvement in activities traditionally run by the MoD ** Interviews with experts and experienced organisations revealed the importance of these assessments early in the process (e.g. 'make or buy' decisions are linked to business capability and results)



HEI Sourcing Maturity Framework

		Business Support			Academic Delivery		
		LEADERSHIP & PLANNING	PROFESSIONAL SERVICES	OPERATIONAL SERVICES	KNOWLEDGE CREATION	KNOWLEDGE SHARING	KNOWLEDGE UTILISATION
Inputs	PEOPLE (e.g. Senior managers, teaching staff)						
	INFRASTRUCTURE (e.g. Estates, library, catering, conferencing)						
	EQUIPMENT (e.g. ICT, AV, laboratory assets)						
	ENABLERS (e.g. Legal, health, consultants)						



HEI Sourcing Maturity Framework – HEI Example 2013



In-house Currently Emerging Outsourced Outsourcing



HEI Sourcing Maturity Framework – Supporting Information

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According to Universities UK (2011) the key drivers of outsourcing services in UK HEIs include:

- 1. Cost reduction
- 2. Improving quality
- 3. Focusing on core capabilities
- 4. Accessing market-led talent
- 5. Partnering to increase innovation
- 6. Reducing time to market

Also potentially relevant to HEIs, according to the NOA (2013) and CIPS (2013) other expectations include: (I) economies of scale/productivity, (II) capital investment avoidance, (III) manage complexity & stabilise environment, IV) response to changes in environment, (V) leverage technology advances, (VI) improve systems, (VII) access to specialist expertise, (VIII) is deemed non-critical, and (IX) requires less strategic control.

Using research conducted in another sector (APSE,2009) there are a number of factors applicable to HEIs that might necessitate returning operations to internal control (insourcing) might include:

1. Poor performance

(service outputs, user dissatisfaction, reduction in capacity, poor quality of assets, & government dictate)

- Drive for quality, synergy and value for money (cost vs. quality, audit or benchmarking findings, inflexibility, & quality and proximity to users)
- Strategic governance and local policy drive (synergy, politics, policy change, activity emerges as core, & improve delivery control)
- 4. The workforce

(lack of investment, poor terms and conditions, & misalignment of values and objectives)

APSE (2009) Insourcing: A guide to bringing local authority services back in-house, Association for Public Service Excellence: Manchester CIPS (2013) CIPS Positions on Practice: Outsourcing, report by the Chartered Institute for Purchasing and Supply NOA (2013) An introduction to the NOA Life Cycle based approach to strategic sourcing, National Outsourcing Association, Workshop presentation at UWE on 18th April 2013 Universities UK (2011) Efficiency and Effectiveness in Higher Education, Universities UK: London



HEI Sourcing Maturity Framework

Strategic Sourcing in HEIs:

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Sources used for the development of this tool included:

Ministry of Defence (2005) Defence Industrial Strategy White Paper

Interviews with Higher Education sector managers

Interviews with private and public sector organisations

Interviews with consulting experts

Advice from representatives of the National Outsourcing Association (NOA) and IAOP (International Association of Outsourcing Professionals)

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